Progression Document

Our progression document has been developed through Charanga, the interactive teaching resource that all teachers (including peripatetic staff delivering wider opportunities) use.

The progression document focuses on three areas: Listen and Appraise, Musical Activities include Games, Singing, Playing, Improvising and Composing and Perform/Share.

In EYFS, the focus is on Communication and Language and Expressive Arts and Design.

EYFS Communication and Language – Music links	Links to KS1 curriculum	Minimum Expectations for Reception		Minimum Expectations for Nursery			
	I am learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart	Listens carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.	Learn rhymes, poems and songs	Sings a large repertoire of songs.		Knows many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story	
	Expresses their opinion	Understands emotion through music and can identify if music is 'happy', 'scary' or 'sad' A2 SP1		Talks about how music makes them feel A2 SP1	Respor music <i>A</i>		Enjoys listening to music A2 SP1
EYFS Expressive Arts and Design – Music links	Can change the tempo and dynamics Recognises instruments in music Compose their own simple tunes Creates sound effects Writes down compositions	Selects own instruments and plays them in time to music. Can change the tempo and dynamics whilst playing Knows how to use a wide variety of instruments. Beginning to write own compositions using symbols, pictures or patterns A2 SP1	Is able to name a wide variety of instruments (also including chime bars, glockenspiels, xylophones) Plays a given instrument to a simple beat A2 SP1	glockenspiels, xylophones) is be		is begin (dru	es instruments and ning to name them m, tambourine, triangle) A2 SP1

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6: YEAR 5 PLUS:
Listen and Appraise	e				
Knowledge To know 5 songs off by heart. To know what the songs are about. To know and recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use.	Knowledge To know five songs off by heart. To know some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part. To know that songs have a musical style.	Knowledge ■ To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. ■ To know the style of the five songs. ■ To choose one song and be able to talk about: lyrics, musical dimensions, main sections of the song and name some of the instruments.	 To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of that song (musical characteristics that give the song its style). The lyrics: what the song is about. 	and be able to talk about:	name other songs from the Units in those styles. To choose three or four other songs and be able to talk about: The style indicators of the songs
Skills To learn how they can enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars.	Skills	Skills To confidently identify and move to the pulse. To think about what the words of a	(texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch). • Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc). • Name some of the instruments they heard in the song.	o The lyrics: what the songs are about	o The lyrics: what the songs are about o Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre) o Identify the structure of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) o Name some of the instruments used in the songs o The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time, musically and historically? o Know and talk about that fact that
	song makes them feel. ● Listen carefully and res	 To take it in turn to discuss how the song makes them feel. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the 	ctfully to Duit songs eg if the song gets louder in the chorus (dynamics). Talk about the music and how it makes them feel. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. When you talk try to use musical words.	Skills To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.	we each have a musical identity Skills To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.

- other people's thoughts about the music.
- Use musical words when talking about the songs.

• When you talk try to use musical

dimensions working together in the

Talk about the music and how it

To talk about the musical

words.

Unit songs.

makes you feel.

- To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs.
- Talk about the music and how it makes you feel, using musical language to describe the music.

Musical Activities: Games

Knowledge

Skills

- To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat.
- from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals.

Progressive Warm-up Games and Challenges to embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song

- Game 1 Have Fun Finding The Pulse!Find the pulse.
- Game 2 Rhythm Copy Back Listen to the rhythm and clap back.
- Game 3 Rhythm Copy Back, Your Turn Create rhythms for others to .vgo
- Game 4 Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 1 Listen and sing back.
- Game 4a Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 2 Listen and sing back and some different vocal warm-ups. .

Knowledge

- To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat.
- from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals.
- Rhythms are different from the steady pulse.
- We add high and low sounds, pitch, pulse/steady beat. when we sing and play our instruments.

Skills

Progressive Warm-up Games and Challenges to embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song

- Game 1 Have Fun Finding the Pulse! Find the pulse..
- Game 2 Rhythm Copy Back Listen to the rhythm and clap back.
- Game 3 Rhythm Copy Back, Your Turn Create rhythms for others to
- Game 4 Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 1Listen and sing back.
- Game 4a − Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 2 Listen and sing back, and some different vocal warm-ups.

Knowledge

- Know how to find and demonstrate the pulse.
- To know that we can create rhythms To know that we can create rhythms Know the difference between pulse and rhythm.
 - Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song.
 - Know that every piece of music has a over the pulse
 - Know the difference between a musical question and an answer.

Skills

Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using two notes:

- 1 Find the Pulse
- 2. Rhythm Copy Back:
- a. Bronze: Clap and say back rhythms
- b. Silver: Create your own simple rhythm patterns
- c. Gold: Perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms
- 3. Pitch Copy Back Using 2 Notes
- a. Bronze: Copy back 'Listen and sing 3. Pitch Copy Back Using 2 Notes back' (no notation)
- b. Silver: Copy back with instruments, without then with notation
- c. Gold: Copy back with instruments, without and then with notation.
- 4. Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warmups

Knowledge

create melodies

Skills

Know and be able to talk about:

- How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together
- Pulse: Finding the pulse the heartbeat of the music
- and rhythm Pitch: High and low sounds that
- How to keep the internal pulse
- Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond

Using the Warm up Games tracks

and Gold Challenges. Children will

the main song, using two notes:

1. Find the Pulse

rhythm patterns

2. Rhythm Copy Back:

their simple rhythms

back' (no notation)

without then with notation

without and then with notation

provided, complete the Bronze, Silver

complete the following in relation to

a. Bronze: Clap and say back rhythms

c. Gold: Perhaps lead the class using

b. Silver: Copy back with instruments,

c. Gold: Copy back with instruments,

4. Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-

b. Silver: Create your own simple

Knowledge

Know and be able to talk about:

- How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, together and how they connect in a
- Rhythm: the long and short patterns How to keep the internal pulse
- Know the difference between pulse ideas for the group to copy or respond to

Knowledge

Know and be able to talk about:

- How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work dynamics, texture and structure work together to create a song or music
 - How to keep the internal pulse
- Musical Leadership: creating musical Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond

Skills

Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using three notes:

- Bronze Challenge
- o Find the pulse o Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include syncopation/off beat
- Copy back one-note riffs using simple and syncopated rhythm patterns
- Silver Challenge
- a. Bronze: Copy back 'Listen and sing O Find the pulse O Lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy
 - O Copy back two-note riffs by ear and O Question and answer using two with notation
 - o Question and answer using two different notes
 - Gold Challenge
 - Find the pulse
 - O Lead the class by inventing rhythms for them to copy back
 - with notation

Skills

Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using three notes:

- Bronze Challenge
- o Find the pulse
- O Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include syncopation/off beat
- o Copy back one-note riffs using simple and syncopated rhythm patterns
- Silver Challenge
- o Find the pulse
- O Lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy back
- O Copy back two-note riffs by ear and with notation
- different notes
- Gold Challenge
- Find the pulse
- Lead the class by inventing rhythms for them to copy back
- Copy back three-note riffs by ear and with notation
- o Copy back three-note riffs by ear and Question and answer using three different notes

songs from memory. 1 To know that unkino is everyone singing at the same time. 2 Ongs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal paid not to sing them with a strong internal paid not to sing them with a strong internal paid not sing them with a strong into the sing them your wide. 5 Kills 5 Kills 5 Kills 5 Kills 5 Kills 6 Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches (high and low). 6 Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices—store and stop singing when following a leader. 5 Kills 6 To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. 7 to demonstrate a good singing sout. 8 To follow a leader when singing. 9 To follow a leader when singing. 1 To rejoin the song if lost. 1 To listen to the group when singing. 1 To rejoin the song if lost. 1 To rejoin the song if lost. 1 To rejoin the song if lost. 1 To listen to the group when singing. 2 To listen to the group when singing. 2 To rejoin the song if lost. 3 To listen to accord there are song and the ip and to sing them with a strong into song and their parts from memory. 1 Caderor conductor: A person when the sing index of the lost of a group can be called a choic transmit and to sing them with a strong into song and their parts from when the song is lost to song and their parts from when the song is lost to song and their parts from when the song is lost to song and their parts from when the song is los					o Question and answer using three different notes			
To know and be able to talk about: Singing a representation and the term memory and sing them in unison. To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a shoir Song sinclude other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word). To know why we need to warm up our voices. Skills Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader. Skills Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader. To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a shoir Leader or conductor: A person whe held with a strong internal pulse. Songs can make you feel different things e.g., happy, energetic or sad singing as part of an ensemble or arge group is fun, but that you must itsen to each other To know why you must warm up your voice To know why you must warm up your voice To know why you must warm up your voice To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a shoir Leader or conductor: A person whe held when or group follow Songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To know and the other which a specific or sad shoir Songs and their parts from memory. Songs	Musical Activities: Singing							
Skills Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices—vou can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader. Skills Skills Skills Skills To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing bosture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To enjoy exploring singing sol	• To confidently sing or rap five songs from memory and sing them in unison.	 To confidently know and sing five songs from memory. To know that unison is everyone singing at the same time. Songs include other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word). To know why we need to warm up 	To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must	To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must	 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping 	 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To know about the style of the songs so you can represent the feeling and context to your audience ● To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features 		
 Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To follow a leader when singing. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To rejoin the song if lost. To listen to the group when singing. To listen to the group when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To rejoin the song if lost. To listen to the group when singing. To listen to the group when singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To listen to the group when singing. 	• Learn about voices, singing notes of		your voice Skills To sing in unison and in simple two-	thinner texture than a large group • To know why you must warm up your voice Skills	o To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice Skills	the meaning of the lyrics o To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice Skills To sing in unison and to sing backing		
	 Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader. 	different pitches (high and low). • Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices — you can rap (spoken word with rhythm). • Learn to find a comfortable singing position. • Learn to start and stop singing when	 To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing. 	parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To rejoin the song if lost. To listen to the group when singing.	vocals. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To listen to the group when singing. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.	 To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. ● To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. 		
Musical Activities: Playing Instruments								

Knowledge

- Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down.
- Learn the names of the instruments they are playing.

Knowledge

- Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down.
- Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class.

Knowledge

• The instruments used in class (a

Knowledge

To know and be able to talk about:

• The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone).

 Other instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends.

Knowledge

To know and be able to talk about:

down – e.g. staff notation, symbols ● The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the

To know and be able to talk about:

glockenspiel, a recorder)

 Different ways of writing music treble stave

Knowledge

To know and be able to talk about:

• Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols ● treble stave

Skills

- Treat instruments carefully and with Treat instruments carefully and with
- Play a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform.
- Learn to play an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a one-note part,

simple part, medium part).

 Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Skills

- Learn to play a tuned instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a one-note, simple or medium part).
- Play the part in time with the stead
- Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Skills

- To treat instruments carefully and with respect.
- Play any one, or all of four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument from memory or using notation.
- To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song.
- To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.

Skills

- To treat instruments carefully and with respect.
- Play any one, or all four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation.
- To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song.
- To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
- To experience leading the playing by To rehearse and perform their part making sure everyone plays in the playing section of the song.

• The instruments they might play or their friends

Skills

- Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song.
- Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts - a one-note, of the song from memory or using notation.
- within the context of the Unit song.
- To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
- To lead a rehearsal session.

• The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends

Skills

- Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song.
- Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or usingnotation.
 - To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song.
 - To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
 - To lead a rehearsal session.

Musical Activities: Improvisation

Knowledge

- Improvisation is about making up your own tunes on the spot.
- When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them.
- Everyone can improvise!

Knowledge

- Improvisation is making up your own To know and be able to talk about tunes on the spot.
- When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never tunes on the spot been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. • Everyone can improvise, and you can use one or two notes.

Knowledge

- improvisation:
- When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them
- confidently is better than using five
- To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you

cannot make a mistake

Knowledge

- To know and be able to talk about improvisation:
- tunes on the spot
- When someone improvises, they been heard before. It is not written • To know that using one or two notes that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five
 - To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake
 - To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations

Knowledge

- To know and be able to talk about improvisation:
- tunes on the spot
- When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never make up their own tune that has never make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. ● To know down and belongs to them. ● To know down and belongs to them. ● To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five
 - the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake
 - To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations
 - To know three well-known improvising musicians

Knowledge

- To know and be able to talk about improvisation:
- Improvisation is making up your own | Improvisation is making up your own | Improvisation is making up your own | Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot
 - When someone improvises, they been heard before. It is not written that using one, two or three notes confidently is better than using five
 - To know that if you improvise using |• To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake
 - To know that you can use some of the riffs and licks you have learnt in the Challenges in your improvisations
 - To know three well-known improvising musicians

Use the improvisation tracks provided. Use the improvisation tracks provided Improvise using the three challenges:

Skills

1. Clap and Improvise – Listen and clap back, then listen and clap your own answer (rhythms of words).

Skills

Improvise using the three challenges: 1. Clap and Improvise – Listen and

clap back, then listen and clap your own answer (rhythms of words).

Skills

Improvise using instruments in the context of the song they are learning to perform. Using the improvisation tracks provided, children will complete the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges:

 Bronze Challenge: Copy Back – Listen and sing back

Skills

Improvise using instruments in the context of a song they are learning to perform. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges.

Bronze Challenge:

Skills

Improvise using instruments in the context of a song to be performed. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges.

1. Play and Copy Back

Skills

Improvise using instruments in the context of a song to be performed. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges.

- 1. Play and Copy Back
- Bronze Copy back using instruments. Use one note.

- 2. Sing, Play and Improvise Use voices and instruments. listen and sing back, then listen and play your own answer using one or two notes.
- 3. Improvise! Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes..
- 2. Sing, Play and Improvise -

Use voices and instruments, listen and sing back, then listen and play your own answer using one or two

3. Improvise! - Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes.

- o Play and Improvise Using instruments, listen and play your own answer using one note. o Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one note.
- Silver Challenge:
- o Sing, Play and Copy Back Listen and improvise using one note. copy back using instruments, using two Silver Challenge: different notes.
- o Play and Improvise Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using one or two notes. o Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes.
- Gold Challenge:
- Sing, Play and Copy Back Listen and notes. copy back using instruments, two different notes.
- o Play and Improvise Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using two different notes. o Improvise! – Take it in turns to improvise using three different notes.

- O Copy Back Listen and sing back melodic patterns
- o Play and Improvise Using instruments, listen and play your own answer using one note. o Improvise! – Take it in turns to
- copy back using instruments, using two different
- o Play and Improvise Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using one or two
- o Improvise! Take it in turns to improvise using one or two notes.
- Gold Challenge:
- Sing, Play and Copy Back Listen and plan: copy back using
- instruments, two different notes. o Play and Improvise – Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using two different
- o Improvise! Take it in turns to improvise using three different

- o Bronze Copy back using instruments. Use one note.
- Use the two notes.
- Use the three notes.
- up to three notes:

o Sing, Play and Copy Back – Listen and Bronze – Question and Answer using lanswer. instruments. Use one note in your

- instruments. Use two notes in your answer. Always start on a G. o Gold – Question and Answer using
- instruments. Use three notes in your answer. Always start on a G. 3. Improvisation! You will be using up
- to three notes. The notes will be provided on-screen and in the lesson

 Bronze – Improvise using one note. o Silver – Improvise using two notes. o Gold – Improvise using three notes. Classroom Jazz 2 – Improvise with a feeling for the style of Bossa Nova and Swing using the notes D. E. G. A + B (pentatonic scale/a five-note pattern)

- o Silver Copy back using instruments. Use the two notes.
- o Silver Copy back using instruments. O Gold Copy back using instruments. Use the three notes.
- o Gold Copy back using instruments. 2. Play and Improvise You will be using up to three notes:
- 2. Play and Improvise You will be using to Bronze Question and Answer using instruments. Use one note in your
- o Silver Question and Answer using instruments. Use two notes in your O Silver – Question and Answer using answer. Always start on a G.
 - o Gold Question and Answer using instruments. Use three notes in your
 - answer. Always start on a G.
 - 3. Improvisation! You will be using up to three notes. The notes will be provided on-screen and in the lesson plan:
 - o Bronze Improvise using one note.
 - Silver Improvise using two notes.
 - o Gold Improvise using three notes. Classroom Jazz 2 – Improvise with a feeling for the style of Bossa Nova and Swing using the notes D, E, G, A + B (pentatonic scale/a five-note pattern)

Composition

Knowledge

- Composing is like writing a story with music.
- Everyone can compose.

Knowledge

- Composing is like writing a story with music.
- Everyone can compose.

Knowledge

To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way.

 Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)

Knowledge

- To know and be able to talk about:
- by you and kept in some way. Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)

To know and be able to talk about:

Knowledge

- by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.
- A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
- Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol

Knowledge

- To know and be able to talk about:
- A composition: music that is created | A composition: music that is created | A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.
 - A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
 - Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol

Skills

one, two or three notes.

Skills

• Help to create a simple melody using • Help create three simple melodies with the Units using one, three or five different notes. different notes.

Skills

 Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five

Skills

 Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or all five different notes.

Skills

 Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song.

Skills

 Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song.

- Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if necessary.
- Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and that can be performed within the changed if necessary.
- Plan and create a section of music context of the unit song.
 - Talk about how it was created. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo.
 - Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).
- Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song.
- Talk about how it was created.
- Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm pitch, dynamics and tempo. • Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).
- Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody.
- Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song.
- Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).
- Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody.
- Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song.
- Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

Performance

Knowledge

A performance is sharing music with other people, called an audience.

Knowledge

- an audience.
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve a class, a year group or a whole school.
- An audience can include your parents and friends

Knowledge

• A performance is sharing music with To know and be able to talk about:

- Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience
- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
- You need to know and have planned |● You need to know and have planned |● Everything that will be performed everything that will be performed
- You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know • It is planned and different for each occasion • It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music

Knowledge

To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience

- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
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Skills

- Choose a song they have learnt from the Scheme and perform it.
- They can add their ideas to the performance.
- Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it.

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Skills

- To choose what to perform and create a programme.
- To communicate the meaning of the Present a musical performance words and clearly articulate them.
- To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand or
- To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were sit. pleased with what they would change and why.

Skills

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- designed to capture the audience.
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Skills

- To choose what to perform and create a programme.
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 - To talk about the venue and how to them. use it to best effect.
 - To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance.
 - To discuss and talk musically about it To discuss and talk musically about it
 - "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if...?"

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- To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect.
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